## B.Sc. Part-I (Semester - II CBCS) Examination Oct/Nov 2023 Physical Chemistry (Paper-III) Subject Code 72844

Day& Date: Saturday, 25 /11/2023

Time: 02.30 pm to 04.30 pm	Total Marks: 50
Choose the correct alternative for each of the following and     Standard free energy change of a chemical reaction is represent.	rewrite the sentences. 10
a) $\Delta G$ b) $\Delta H$ c) $\Delta E$ d) $\Delta G^0$	
2) No machine hasefficiency. a) 50% b) 100% c) 10% d) 20%  3) of a first order reaction is independent of initial con a) product b) half life c) both a and b 4) Inversion of cane sugar is an example of reaction.	d) rate
a) first order b) second order c) third order d) pseudo u	unimolecular
5) The number of taking part in a chemical reaction is a Molecularity of the reaction.  a) molecules or atoms b) intermediates c) reactants d)	called
6)) Pc Vc and Tc are known as	
a) gas constants b) critical constant c) Vander waal constant	ts
d) velocity constants	
Rate of reaction affects by  a) concentration of reactants b) temperature c) catalyst	
8) The process that does not occur of its own accord is called a Spontaneous b) non spontaneous c) reversible d) nor 9) Thermochemistry is the branch of physical chemistry which	ne of these
accompanying a chemical reaction.	
a) thermal changes b) heat changes c) enthalpy change	es d) all of these
a) liquid b) solid c, a,	seous Mark(20)
<ol> <li>Attempt any TWO of the following.</li> <li>Deduce, Van der Wall equation which is applicable to rea</li> <li>Derive the equation for rate constant of a second order rea</li> </ol>	al gases.

concentration of reactants.

3) Give different statement of first & second law of thermodynamics

## 3. Attempt any FOUR of the following.

Mark (20)

- 1) Distinguish between Spontaneous and Non-spontaneous processes.
- 2) What are Pseudo unimolecular reactions? Explain it by any one suitable example.
- 3) Explain homogeneous and heterogeneous equilibrium with example.
- 4) Show that time for half change for first order reaction is independent on the initial conc. of reactant.
- 5) Deduce the value of gas constant (R) in terms of critical constants.
- 6) Show that in case of first order reaction time required to complete 99% reaction is twice the time required to complete 90% reaction.

पारंका सामित्री पिक्कि बाळासाहेब देसाई कॉलेज, पाटण ता. पाटण, जि. सातारा.